WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for installing an antenna that uses a conductor as a ground, wherein the conductor has a frame shape and includes an inner edge having a rectangular shape, the method comprising steps of:

providing an electrical contact on the conductor and away from an axisymmetrical line defined with respect to the inner edge, the electrical contact being used for connecting the antenna; and

connecting the antenna to the electrical contact.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the electrical contact is disposed at a predetermined distance from the axisymmetrical line, and the predetermined distance is determined by one fourth of a wavelength of a radio wave associated with the antenna multiplied by an odd integer.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the electrical contact is disposed within a predetermined distance from a predetermined position,

the predetermined position is determined by an odd integer multiplied by one fourth of a wavelength of a radio wave associated with the antenna away from the axisymmetrical line, and

the predetermined distance is determined by one tenth of the wavelength.

4. An antenna installation structure comprising:

a conductor that has a frame shape having an inner edge; and

an antenna that uses the conductor as a ground,

wherein the inner edge has a rectangular shape, and

the conductor has an electrical contact for connecting the antenna, the electrical contact is placed away from an axisymmetrical line defined with respect to the inner edge.

5. The antenna installation structure according to claim 4, wherein the electrical contact is disposed at a predetermined distance from the axisymmetrical line, and

the predetermined distance is determined by one fourth of a wavelength of a radio wave associated with the antenna multiplied by an odd integer.

6. The antenna installation structure according to claim 4, wherein the electrical contact is disposed within a predetermined distance from a predetermined position,

the predetermined position is determined by an odd integer multiplied by one fourth of a wavelength of a radio wave associated with the antenna away from the axisymmetrical line, and

the predetermined distance is determined by one tenth of the wavelength.

7. A monitor used in a vehicle comprising:

a display for displaying a image, the display having a rectangular shape;

a panel that surrounds the display so that the image is visible;

a circuit board that has a rectangular frame shape having an inner edge so that the display passes through the circuit board; and

an antenna that is used for wireless communication within the vehicle,

wherein the panel has an operational button,

the circuit board has a first substrate having a circuit for detecting an input from the operational button and a second substrate formed of a conductive plate,

the antenna uses the conductive plate as a ground, and

the circuit board has an electrical contact of the conductive plate for connecting the antenna, the electrical contact is disposed away from an axisymmetrical line defined with respect to the inner edge.

8. The monitor according to claim 7, wherein the electrical contact is disposed at a predetermined distance from the axisymmetrical line, and

the predetermined distance is determined by one fourth of a wavelength of a radio wave associated with the antenna multiplied by an odd integer.

9. The monitor according to claim 7, wherein the

electrical contact is disposed within a predetermined distance from a predetermined position,

the predetermined position is determined by an odd integer multiplied by one fourth of a wavelength of a radio wave associated with the antenna away from the axisymmetrical line, and

the predetermined distance is determined by one tenth of the wavelength.

10. An antenna installation structure comprising:

a circuit board that has a frame shape having an inner edge; and

an antenna that uses the circuit board as a ground,

wherein the circuit board has an electrical contact for connecting the antenna, the electrical contact is disposed at a certain length away from a center line of the circuit board.